	Superior Court of Washington,	County of
In re t	the marriage of:	No
Petitio	oner (person who started this case):	Findings and Conclusions About a Marriage
Respo	ondent (other spouse):	(FNFCL)
4	•	sions about a Marriage
1.	Basis for findings and conclusions:	
	Spouses' agreement	
	Order on Motion for Default (date):	
	present (check all that apply):	, where the following people were
	☐ Petitioner ☐ Pe	titioner's lawyer
	☐ Respondent ☐ Re	spondent's lawyer
	Other (name and relationship to	this case):
	Other (name and relationship to	this case):
> The	e Court makes the following findings o	of fact and conclusions of law:
2.	Notice (check all that apply):	
	•	nmons and Petition to start this case on by this method (check all that apply):
	☐in person ☐ mail ☐ publication	
	☐ Respondent has appeared in this case	se or responded to the <i>Petition</i> .
	Respondent has signed an agreemen	nt to join the <i>Petition</i> .
3.	Jurisdiction over the marriage and th	e spouses (check all that apply):
	At the time the <i>Petition</i> was filed,	
	Petitioner lived did not live in \	Washington State.
CR 52:	RCW 26.09.030; .070(3) Findings and	d Conclusions

	Respondent 🗌 lived 🔲 did not live in Washington State.
	☐ Petitioner and Respondent lived in this state while they were married, and the Petitioner still lives in this state or is stationed here as a member of the armed forces.
	Petitioner is a member of the armed forces and has been stationed here for at least 90 days.
	☐ Petitioner and Respondent may have conceived a child together in this state.
	Other (specify):
	Conclusion: The court ☐ has ☐ does not have jurisdiction over the marriage.
	The court has does not have jurisdiction over Respondent.
4.	Information about the marriage
	☐ The spouses were married on (date): at (city and state):
	Before they married, the spouses were registered domestic partners. Their domestic partnership was registered with the State of on (date): and:
	it converted into a marriage by law on June 30, 2014. (RCW 26.60.100.)
	they were married on (date): at (city and state):
5.	Separation Date
	The marital community ended on <i>(date)</i> : The parties stopped acquiring community property and incurring community debt on this date.
6.	Status of the marriage
	☐ Divorce – This marriage is irretrievably broken, and it has been 90 days or longer since the <i>Petition</i> was filed and the <i>Summons</i> was served or the Respondent joined the <i>Petition</i> .
	☐ Legal Separation – The <i>(check one or both):</i> ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent want/s to be legally separated.
	☐ Invalidity – The (check one or both): ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent want/s to invalidate (annul) this marriage, and the court finds the following facts about the validity of this marriage by clear and convincing evidence:
	Conclusion: The <i>Petition</i> for divorce, legal separation, or invalidity (annulment) should be approved.
	Other:
7.	Separation Contract
	Note – A separation contract is a written agreement between the spouses that covers some or all of the issues that must be decided in this divorce. Prenuptial or community property agreements are not separation contracts but may be the basis for a separation contract or final orders.
	☐ There is no separation contract.
	☐ The spouses signed a separation contract on (date):
CR	52: RCW 26 09 030: 070(3) Findings and Conclusions

☐ The s	er spouse owns any real	property.	
	spouses' real property is le part of these Findings.	listed in Exhibit	This Exhibit is attached a
☐ The s	spouses' real property is	listed in the separation	on contract described in 7 .
The s	spouses' real property is	isted below:	
Real	Property Address	Tax Parcel Number	Community or Separate Property
			community property Petitioner's separate property Respondent's separat property
			community property Petitioner's separate property Respondent's separate property
			community property Petitioner's separate property Respondent's separat property
	court does not have jurisc t in Washington State.	liction to divide real p	property because the real pr
Othe	r (specify):		
Conclus	ion: The division of real p	roperty described in	the final order is fair (<i>just and</i>

	Ш	The spouses' community personal property is listed in Exhibit This Exhibit is attached and made part of these Findings.					
		☐ The spouses' community personal property is listed in the separation contra described in 7 .					
		The spouses' community personal propert pensions/retirement, insurance, bank accommore than the last 4 digits of any account model, and VIN or license plate number.)	ounts, furniture, businesses, etc. Do not list				
		1.	2.				
		3.	4.				
		5.	6.				
		7.	8.				
		The court does not have jurisdiction to divide property because the court does not have personal jurisdiction over one of the spouses as described in 3 above.					
		Other (specify):					
	Со	Conclusion: The division of community personal property described in the final order is fair (<i>just and equitable</i>).					
10.	Se	Separate Personal Property (possessions, assets, or business interests of any kind)					
		Neither spouse has separate personal property. All personal property is community property.					
		☐ The Petitioner has no separate personal property.					
		☐ The Respondent has no separate personal property.					
		The separate personal property has already been divided fairly between the spouses. Each spouse should keep any separate property that spouse now has or controls.					
		The Petitioner's separate personal property is listed in Exhibit This Exhibit is attached and made part of these Findings.					
		The Respondent's separate personal property is listed in Exhibit This Exhibit is attached and made part of these Findings.					
		The spouses' separate personal property is listed in the separation contract described in 7 .					
		The Petitioner's separate personal property is listed below. (<i>Include vehicles</i> , pensions/retirement, insurance, bank accounts, furniture, businesses, etc. Do not list more than the last 4 digits of any account number. For vehicles, list year, make, model, and VIN or license plate number.)					
		1.	2.				
		3.	4.				
		5.	6.				
		7.	8.				

mode		ense plate number	nt number. For vel :)	Ticles, list year, ma	ke,
1.	,	·	2.		
3.			4.		
5.			6.		
7.			8.	_	
			livide property bec le spouses as desc	cause the court doe cribed in 3 above.	es n
☐ Other	(specify):				
Conclusi		•	nal property descril	bed in the final ord	er is
Cammun	(just and equ	uitable).			
Commun	-	v dobt			
	is no community		divided fairly betwe	on the anguese	
	•	•	•	·	hoc
	part of these Fir		1 EXHIBIT 1	his Exhibit is attac	1160
☐ The s	oouses' commur	nity debt is listed i	n the separation co	ontract described i	n 7 .
☐ The s	oouses' commur	nity debt is listed b	elow:		
Debt A	Amount Credit	t or (person or compa	ny owed this debt)	Account Number (last 4 dig	
\$					
\$					
\$					
\$					
			livide debt because	e the court does no d in 3 above.	ot h
☐ Other	(specify):				
Conclusi	on: The division equitable).	of community deb	t described in the f	inal order is fair (<i>ju</i>	st a
Separate	Debt				
☐ Neithe	er spouse has se	eparate debt.			
☐ The P	etitioner has no	separate debt.			
☐ The R	espondent has	no separate debt	•		

	The Petitioner's separate debt is listed in Exhibit This Exhibit is attached and made part of these Findings.					
	The Respondent's separate debt is listed in Exhibit This Exhibit is attached and made part of these Findings.					
	The spouses' separate debt is listed in the separation contract described in 7 .					
	The Petitioner	's separate debt is listed below:				
	Debt Amount	Creditor (person or company owed this debt)	Account Number (last 4 digits only)			
	\$					
	\$					
	\$					
	\$					
	The Responde	ent's separate debt is listed below:				
	Debt Amount	Creditor (person or company owed this debt)	Account Number (last 4 digits only)			
	\$					
	\$					
	\$					
	\$					
		not have jurisdiction to divide debt because the conction over one of the spouses as described in 3 about				
	Other (specify):	:				
Co	nclusion: The d <i>equit</i> a	livision of separate debt described in the final order is able).	s fair (<i>just and</i>			
Sp	ousal Support	(maintenance/alimony)				
	Spousal suppor	rt was not requested.				
		t should be based on the separation contract listed i	n 7 .			
		rt was requested.				
		pousal support should <i>(check one):</i>				
	be order contact the or	red because:				
	not be o	ordered because:				

13.

14.	Fees and Costs					
	☐ Each party should pay their own fees or costs.					
	☐ Fees and costs should be paid according to the separation contract listed in 7 .					
	☐ The (check one): ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent incurred fees and costs, and needs help to pay those fees and costs. The other spouse has the ability to help pay fees and costs and should be ordered to pay the amount as listed in the final order. The court finds that the amount ordered is reasonable.					
	Fees for a Guardian ad Litem (GAL) or other court-appointed professional should be paid as listed in the final order. The court has considered relevant factors including each party's ability to pay, and finds the fees as ordered are reasonable.					
	Other findings:					
15.	Protection Order					
	☐ No one requested a <i>Protection Order</i> in this case.					
	☐ (Name) requested a Protection Order in this case.					
	Conclusion: The court should (check one):					
	not approve a <i>Protection Order</i> because:					
	approve a <i>Protection Order</i> because:					
40						
16.	Restraining Order					
	☐ No one requested a <i>Restraining Order</i> in this case.					
	☐ The (check one): ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent requested a Restraining Order.					
	Conclusion: The court should (check one):					
	not approve a Restraining Order because:					
	approve a <i>Restraining Order</i> because:					
	<u> </u>					
17.	Pregnancy					
	☐ Neither spouse is pregnant.					

☐ One of	the spouses is pregnant <i>(ch</i>	eck one	e):	
or within to Decid	300 days after it ends. If the other	r spouse in court. I	e the parent of any child born during the ma is not the parent, either spouse may file a <i>F</i> n most cases, the deadline to file the <i>Petitio</i> RCW 26.26A.115, 26.26A.435.)	Petition
	of Parentage. Both forms must be		her parent can sign an <i>Acknowledgment (a</i> the Washington State Registrar of Vital Sta	
Conclusion	. •	uture ca	alization of this case. Finalization of the second the second the unborn child's parentaged by law.	
Parentage	Findings			
☐ Non	e.			
joine		. The c	e parentage of the unborn child has bourt's <i>Findings and Conclusions abou</i>	
		urther a	action needed. Both spouses agree	that
(nar		aianad	is not the parent of the	agal
effe		ment of	a <i>Denial of Parentage</i> . This has no le Parentage and the <i>Denial</i> are both files and the baby is born.	
	er (specify):		•	
	. , , , ,			
—— Children o	f the marriage			
_	ouses have no children toge	ther wh	o are still dependent	
			gether who are still dependent <i>(only</i>	lict
			ildren from other relationships):	1131
	Child's name	Age	Child's name	Age
1.			2.	
3.			4.	
5.			6.	
certificates, children's b	the State Registrar of Vital S irth certificates to list both sp	Statistic ouses a	ve both spouses listed on their birth is should be ordered to amend the as parents. ge (with someone else, not a spou	100)2
(Check one	9):		•	15e) f
∐ Neit	her spouse gave birth to an	y other	children during the marriage.	
	•	•	ner children with someone else durin and how parentage was addressed):	g the
		•	,	

	Warning! If parentage has not been addressed, both spouses are responsible for these children and the court must enter a <i>Parenting Plan</i> and <i>Child Support Order</i> .
	Other (specify):
19.	Jurisdiction over the children (RCW 26.27.201 – .221, .231, .261, .271)
	☐ Does not apply. The spouses have no children together who are still dependent.
	☐ The court can approve a <i>Parenting Plan</i> for the children the spouses have together because (check all that apply; if a box applies to all of the children, you may write "the children" instead of listing names):
	Exclusive, continuing jurisdiction – A Washington court has already made a custody order or parenting plan for the children, and the court still has authority to make other orders for (children's names):
	Home state jurisdiction – Washington is the children's home state because (check all that apply):
	[(Children's names): lived in Washington with a parent, or someone acting as a parent, for at least the 6 months just before this case was filed, or if the children were less than 6 months old when the case was filed, they had lived in Washington with a parent or someone acting as a parent since birth.
	There were times the children were not in Washington in the 6 months just before this case was filed (or since birth if they were less than 6 months old), but those were temporary absences.
	(Children's names): do not live in Washington right now, but Washington was the children's home state sometime in the 6 months just before this case was filed, and a parent or someone acting as a parent of the children still lives in Washington.
	(Children's names): do not have another home state.
	No home state or home state declined – No court of any other state (or tribe) has the jurisdiction to make decisions for (children's names):
	or a court in the children's home state (or tribe) decided it is better to have this case in Washington and :
	 The children and a parent or someone acting as a parent have ties to Washington beyond just living here; and
	 There is a lot of information (substantial evidence) about the children's care, protection, education, and relationships in this state.
	Other state declined – The courts in other states (or tribes) that might be (children's names):''s home state have refused to take this case because it is better to have this case in Washington.
	☐ Temporary emergency jurisdiction — Washington had temporary emergency jurisdiction over (<i>children's names</i>):

decision because: When the case was filed, the children were abandoned in this state, or the children were in this state and the children (or children's parent or sibling) was abused or threatened with abuse; The court signed a temporary order on (date) saying that Washington's jurisdiction will become final if no case is filed in the children's home state (or tribe) by the time the children have been in Washington for 6 months: The children have now lived in Washington for 6 months; and No case concerning the children has been started in the children's home state (or tribe). Other reason (specify): The court cannot approve a *Parenting Plan* because the court does not have jurisdiction over the children. 20. **Parenting Plan** The spouses have **no** children together who are under 18 years old. ☐ The court signed the final *Parenting Plan* filed separately today or on *(date):* _____. Both parents agreed to and signed the *Parenting Plan*. Other (specify): ☐ The court cannot approve a *Parenting Plan* because the court does not have jurisdiction over the children. 21. **Child Support** The spouses have **no** children together who are still dependent. ☐ The dependent children should be supported according to state law. ☐ The court signed the final *Child Support Order* and *Worksheets* filed separately today or on (date): There is no need for the court to make a child support order because the DSHS Division of Child Support (DCS) has already established an administrative child support order for the children of this marriage in DCS case number(s) Other (specify): 22. Other findings or conclusions (if any) Date Judge or Commissioner

when the case was filed, and now has jurisdiction to make a final custody

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